CHRIST the Believer's Treasure, considered

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SERMON

On 1 Cor. i. 30.

Occasioned by the DEATH of

Mrs. SARAH ELLIOT;

Who Departed this Life July the 19th, 1763, in the 67th Year of her Age.

BY

R. ELLIOT, A. B. Formerly of Bennet College, CAMBRIDGE.

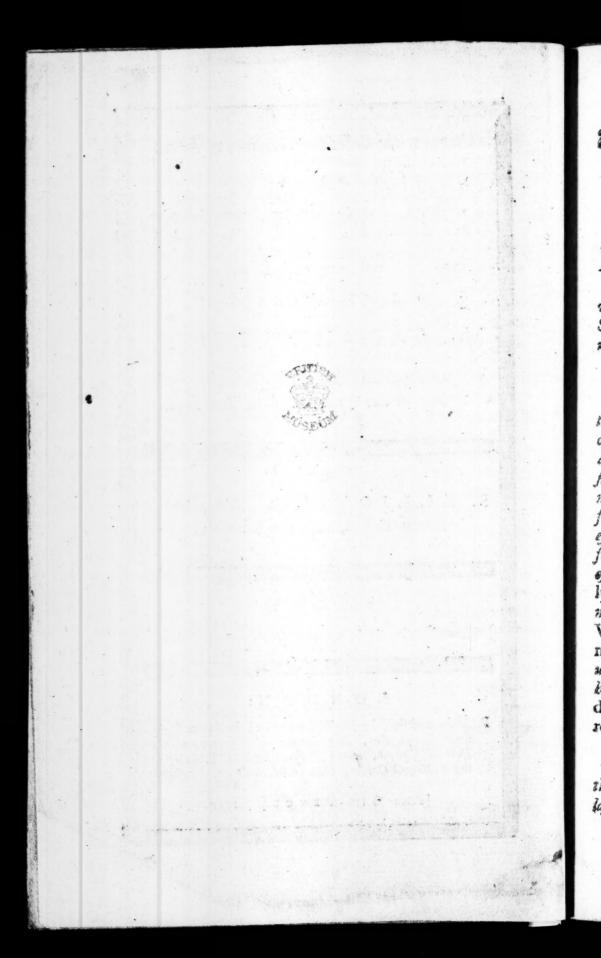
1 Theff. iv. 14.

Them that fleep in JESUS will God bring with him.

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PREFACE.

THE relation in which the Author stood to the deceased, may, he conceives, he a sufficient apology for his observations on her funeral Text'although it was not desired of him, but of another; even an aged Servant of Christ in the country, on whose ministry she usually attended; who also complied with her request.

His reasons for making them public, are, First, The peculiar copiousness and excellency of the Text; which sets forth the fullness and preciousness of CHRIST, in bis threefold Office of Prophet, Prieft, and King; more distinctly, perhaps, than any other fingle verse in the Bible; from whence also the believer is nourished and fed in his soul, as with marrow and fatness. ___ To glory in CHRIST is the believer's bighest glory. — To glory in him for all things is the fullness of his glory. — Whatever others may esteem of CHRIST, to the true Christian he is altogether lovely; he is unspeakably precious, he is his greatest honour: Concerning whom the believer speaks freely, Whom have I in heaven but thee, and there is none upon earth that I desire besides thee; and exults for joy of beart, when he hears, and perceives in bis foul; that CHRIST is made of God to him wifdom, and righteoufness, and fanctification, and redemption.

Secondly, As the Deceased was near to the Author, both in the flesh and in the spirit; it was the last testimony of unseigned affection and respect, which

PREFACE.

be could show towards ber. She-also lived in the faith of CHRIST, and was worthy of being imitated both in the evenness and exemplariness of her daily walk with God, when in health; and of stedfastness and confidence in CHRIST at her death. - Her whole life was an evidence of the bope and state of ber foul towards Goo: She trusted in CHRIST only, whilft the was zealous of, and abounded in all good works. --- She was eminently cloathed with the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit .-- I have not exaggerated, nor am afraid of being proved a liar .--- Ye daughters of Abraham, be ye followers of her, as she was of CHRIST. Her temptation is strange to none, but those who are unacquainted with CHRIST, and their own bearts .- Had the not been able, in the strength of CHRIST, to have born it, she had not been thus tempted. We do not lay beavy burdens upon children, but upon strong men, who are able to bear them.

Thirdly, This discourse made public, will be a standing Memorial to surviving relations, of their dear departed Friend, whose decease, I am consident, they have abundant cause to mourn; nor are they insensible of it; but not as others who have no hope; for their loss is her undoubted gain. If then you would testify your unseigned love towards her, let it be by walking in the steps of her unseigned faith and love to Christ, and his people; her deadness to the world, gentleness and patience: this, you know, would have been most acceptable to her when living, whereof she was, both by word and deed, an example to you. God grant you may be partakers of her grace; and that you may, finally, partake of her joy with the Lord, to whom be eternal praises. Amen.

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Righteousness, and Sanctification, and Redemption.

HE Gospel of God is expressly and evidently design'd to stain the pride of all human glory: For that which is highly esteemed among men, is an abomination in the sight of God.*

Mankind, by the pride of reasoning, have grossly erred concerning the knowledge of GoD; and proudly aiming to merit heaven by their own works, they have equally erred concerning the way of acceptance with him. By their many inventions of this fort diligently fought out, and zealously espoused; darkness, superstition, and violence hath covered the face of the whole earth: Therefore, faid the wisdom of God, I will destroy the wisdom of the wife, and will bring to nothing the understanding of the prudent +: whereby he teacheth us plainly, that what the world calls wisdom and prudence is, in his account, no better than madness and folly; hence also the revelation and preaching of Jesus Christ, which is the wisdom of God, and the power of God, unto falvation, to every one that believeth; is rejected of men, as weakness, and despised as foolishness by them, which believe not. Nevertheless, the preaching of the cross hath abundantly prevailed against all opposition, and to the confusion of its adversaries. For God hath chosen the foolish things of this world to confound the wife, and the weak things of the

^{*} Luke xvi 15.

^{† 1} Cor. i. 19.

world to confound the things that are mighty, that no flesh should glory in his presence. And altho' the proud reasoner, and proud Pharisee, are highly offended, that God should utterly set aside, and pour contempt upon all their wisdom and good works, wherein they trusted, and whereof they glory; yet the poor and the oppressed have abundant cause to glorify God for his mercy; who, in his infinite wisdom, and love to man, hath chosen and prepared a way to salvation, which the chief of sinners, the poor, the miserable, the blind, and whosoever will, may enter into, and be saved; and this way is Christ; who of God is made unto us wisdom, and righteousness, and fanctification, and redemption.

This Text was lately chose to be the subject for a funeral discourse by one, who both knew, and experienced the all-sufficiency, and alone sufficiency of Christ, in all things pertaining to eternal salva-

tion.

To fome it may appear unsuitable to the occafion, as it makes no mention of death, or lamentation, or mourning, or woe; but, for this very cause, it seems to be quite proper for a believer, who died in the faith of Christ, rejoicing in hope of the glory of God, and I apprehend was chosen by the deceased, with the justest reason and propriety.

Let the vanquished mourn and bewail themselves; and they who have no hope tremble at a judgment to come; but those whom God hath redeemed from the hand of the enemy, who have fought the good sight of faith, and prevailed also; must rejoice, and give thanks; glorying in God, through our Lord and Christ; who hath bruised Satan under their feet, and delivered them from the wrath to come.

It is a text of triumph, confessing Christ to be Lord of all. ----It shews plainly, that the speaker had utterly renounced and trampled under her feet all those human excellencies, wherein fallen man is wont to repose a trust, and to glory. ---- It also points out CHRIST to surviving friends, and to all others, as the only way to God, in whom, and by whom alone, they must, or can be faved: In short, it proclaims aloud; let him that glorieth, glory in the LORD, even in CHRIST; who, of God, is made unto us wifdom.

This is the first particular contained in the Text; --- CHRIST is our wisdom. --- Wisdom is the excellency of knowledge, whereby (all things confidered) the mind perceives what is right and fit to be done; practically, it is the orderly disposition, or performance of things, both for manner, time, and measure: Knowledge, simply discerns the distinction between sight and wrong, and points out the difference: But 'tis wisdom alone that enables a man to use his knowledge to advantage, by teaching and directing him how to chuse the good, and

refuse the evil, and to act accordingly.

Thus God's eternal mind faw it to be infinitely fit and right to permit sin's entrance into the world, and then to lay our iniquities upon CHRIST, that he might condemn fin, and reconcile us unto himfelf by the death of his Son, who, in the fulness of time, was actually made man, fulfilled all righteousness, and put away sin by the sacrifice of bimself. This is that wisdom of God, which was hid from ages, and from generations; but is now made manifest by the appearing of JESUS CHRIST, who hath abolished Death, and brought life and immortality to light by the Gospel: By him therefore the way to escape death, and to inherit eternal life, is made manifest; and whereas CHRIST was fent, and appointed of Gop, even the Father, to open, and make known to us the way of falvation; he is, without all dispute, the wisdom of GoD.

CHRIST, it is true, is the Essential Wisdom of God, existing from eternity, in the very substantial

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effence of the Father; as such he is the image of the invisible God, the Word that was with God, and was God, by whom also he made the worlds; therefore he faith, the LORD possessed me in the beginning of his way, before his works of old*: Whose eternal Wildom, Power and Godhead, are clearly seen, by his creating, difposing, and upholding all things: But this fame wonderful and adorable person, is manifested to be the wisdom of God, in a way and manner far more glorious than by the works of creation; for the word was made flesh, and suffered for us, the just for the unjust, that he might bring us to God: Thus in Christ the manifold wisdom of God may be clearly feen; in whom are bid all the treasures of wisdom and knowledget. With respect to Redemption, CHRIST is the wildom of God in a peculiar manner: Which also, we sinners of the human race, are infinitely more concerned to know, than all the other works of GoD; for it teaches, and leads us into the way of peace with Gop, that we, being delivered from our fins, and from the wrath to come, might receive the promifed bleffing of eternal life; which whosoever hath found, and by grace obtained, is truly wife; but whoso feeketh, and findeth it not, is destitute of the true wisdom; because he hath not known the way of peace unto eternal falvation; which falvation no man ever did, nor can find, that is not first acquainted with CHRIST, whom the Father hath fent to be the Saviour of the world; for he actually descended from heaven, took our nature upon him, and laid down his life for us, thereby expiating our fins, and reconciling us to GoD: Again, he ascended to the Father in our nature, entered with his own blood into heaven itself, and there ever lives to make continual intercession for us. Now as the wisdom of the Creator appears, and is made known to us in the works

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^{*} Prov. viii. 22

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works of creation; so, by the work of redemption, the glory of his grace and wisdom, in reconciling the world unto himself by Jesus Christ, is clearly seen. Let us then turn our eyes upon Christ, that is, upon God manifested in slesh; where this divine work of grace is revealed, as it is written of him in the holy scripture: But if a man search the scriptures ever so diligently, he can receive no spiritual benefit thereby, unless he discern Christ to be therein revealed, as the only way to God, and believe in him as such; for, for this cause they are written, that we might know the only truly God, and Jesus Christ, in whom he is well pleased, and thus believing might have life thro' his name.

Therefore it is a vain thing, and lost labour for any man to feek after the knowledge of God, fave in Christ only, or to feek after the knowledge of CHRIST, fave by the scriptures only. The heathen fages and philosophers, the reasoners and disputers of this world, by all their wisdom came short of the true knowledge of GoD; for they were ignorant of CHRIST, in whom all divine wisdom dwells; which also the rulers and princes of this world knew not; and therefore, through ignorance, they even crucified the LORD of glory. --- God hath made fuch a difcovery of himself in Christ, as confounds the wisdom of the wife, to whom it appears as foolishness; and because it infinitely surpasses their natural ideas and conceptions of God, they receive it not as a true revelation of him.

A man also cannot know the things of God, but by the Spirit of God *; which to them, who are wise in their own eyes, and prudent in their own sight, is counted foolishness; yet 'tis clear, that a man, even by searching the scriptures, can no more discern the glory of God in the person of Christ, as crucified for us, than a blind man can behold the glory of the fun, or of the moon, or of the stars; altho' in word it be plainly set forth, and described unto him: the scripture therefore which reveals Christ to be the wisdom of God, declares, at the same time that, without the Holy Spirit, no man can attain to the true knowledge of him; for the Holy Ghost is sent down from heaven, to open the eyes of our understanding, and make us new creatures, by taking of the things of Christ, and shewing them unto us.

The fulness of divine wisdom dwells and resides personally in Christ as the light in the body of the fun: From him also his light goeth forth, and he imparts unto his people of that wisdom which is hid in himself, that in his light they may see light, and be made favingly wife; for to this end he is made of God wisdom unto us. If Christ did not communicate to our fouls of that true light, which dwells as in a body in himself, it could no more profit us, than the light of the fun could benefit the inhabitants of the earth, without filling the atmosphere, and our bodies, with the light of it. --- Yet that divine wisdom, whereby Christ enlightens our darkness, is not divided or separated from himself, any more than the rays of light, which fill our bodies, and our houses, can be separated from the sun. --- By flining, therefore, into our bearts, God giveth us the light of the knowledge of his glory in the face of IESUS CHRIST +.

This work is chiefly ascribed to the Holy Spirit, which dwells in Christ without measure; hence he faith, If any man have not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of his; by whom the eyes of our understandings are opened, and also filled with light from Jesus Christ; that our enlightened minds may be-

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hold and acknowledge the glory of God in the perfon of Christ; in whom God's infinite justice and love to man; his wisdom and power in the salvation of sinners, are gloriously displayed; for by him God hath rescued the lawful captive, in a way of justice, to the confusion of the oppressor.

By him also God hath demanded, and taken infinite satisfaction for the sins of men; at the same

time making a way for them to escape.

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He hath executed the full penalty of the law, to which his people were subject, because of transgrefsion; and yet delivered them from its curse. He
hath justified the ungodly, without pardoning the
guilty: And, by delivering over unto death, he hath
destroyed death. Thus hath God taken, and destroyed the subtil adversary the Devil, in his own craftiness. In Christ he hath purposed salvation, and
done it; in whom the riches of his glory are made.
known.

Therefore is CHRIST the wisdom of God, and made of him wisdom to us; that whosever believeth in CHRIST might not perish, but have eternal life.

The inference which I would draw from hence, is, That whosever would know God aright, must seek that knowledge from Christ, the only begotten Son, who is in the Bosom of the Father; --- Their time therefore is utterly lost, and their attainments in religious knowledge altogether unprofitable, who have not made Christ their study. ---- No man knoweth who the Father is, save the Son, and he to whomsever the Son will reveal him ‡. -- The natural man, whether learned or unlearned, is incapable of receiving the things of God, because they are spiritually discerned. Know therefore that, except thou art born again, and hast the Spirit of God, thou art without the true knowledge

ledge of God and of Christ .--- Where then shalt thou go for instruction in divine matters? Not to the learned of this world; for God bath bid thefe things from the wife and prudent, and bath revealed them unto babes. --- Yet not from all that are wife, and rich, and honourable in this world; for some of these also hath he chosen, to make his sovereign grace and glorious power known; for he calleth unto him whomsoever he will; but instances of conversion to God, among the great ones of the world, are fo few, that he faith, not many wife men after the flesh, not many mighty, not many noble are called; and again, another Apostle assures us, that God hath chosen the poor of this world, rich in faith, and heirs of the kingdom, which he bath promised to them that love him +. Search the scriptures, and seek for saving knowledge in the word, and by the Spirit of God; for it is written, thy children shall be all taught of the LORD I.

For judgment is Christ come into this world, that they which see, might see not, might see, and that they which see, might be made blind; hence the poor and the afflicted may assure themselves, that Christ will receive them graciously; as he saith again, Come unto me, all ye that labour, and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest: But he regardeth not any that are wise of heart; therefore if any man seemeth to be wise, in this world let him become a fool, that he may be wise*. --- Seeing God then hath revealed himself in slesh, it concerns and behoves us to seek unto him, and they that seek shall find; if thou seek him in Christ, who was crucissed, with all thy heart, and with all

thy foul.

Hence it plainly appears, that whosoever will be wise unto salvation, must receive that wisdom from Christ. --- It is not in the power of any other to make thee savingly wise. --- Thou mayest indeed learn

⁺ James ii. 5. 1 Ifai. liv. 13. * 1 Cor. iii; 18.

learn many things from men and books, be acquainted with the arts and sciences, and highly esteemed in the world, for thy profound knowledge in natural things. Yet, with all this knowledge, thou art, in God's account, a mere fool, if thou art not acquainted with CHRIST; and we know, that his judgment is according to truth: Verily that wisdom is not worth the feeking after, which leaves the foul at last in the way that leadeth to death: Those that attain to ever fo much wisdom in that way, will, in the iffue, know, to their eternal forrow, that they bave spent their money for that which is not bread, and their labour for that which satisfieth not. At that day their folly shall be manifest to all men; seeing, with all their gettings, they have not got underflanding in the things which most nearly concern themselves, even the salvation of the soul. --- If thou art ignorant of CHRIST, thou hast not the knowledge of GoD; and if thou knowest not GoD, thou wilt be destroyed with an everlasting destruction at his appearing; therefore confider thy ways, for in the end all men will be constrained to acknowledge, that to be the only wisdom, which leads a man to the most profitable pursuit, even to the one thing needful; and what is that; but the true knowledge and favour of God, which is in CHRIST JEsus our Lord? --- So teach us to number our days, that we may apply our hearts unto wisdom. --- It is true, if thou make CHRIST thy study, and seek the knowledge of Gop in him; the world, who are otherwise minded, will treat thee with contempt, and count thy wisdom folly; but if thou art possest of the bidden wisdom, thou wilt not much regard the forn and revilings of men; for the judgment is the LORD's, who, at his coming, will determine who are the wife and excellent of the earth, and who are not; yea, he hath told us already: For unto man be said, the fear of the LORD, that is wisdom, and to depart

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depart from evil is understanding*, all which CHRIST' teacheth us by his word, and by his Spirit; having therefore begun, press thou on to know the LORD, seeking by earnest prayer out of the holy scriptures, which are able to make thee wise unto salvation thro'

faith, which is in CHRIST JESUS; who,

2. Of God is made unto us righteousness. --- Righteousness is the exact conformity to a law, or rule of life; or it is a rendering to all their dues. To this righteousness fallen man is an utter stranger; for he hath broken the law, and not loved his neighbour as himself; neither hath he rendered unto God the things that are God's. As it is written, the whole world is become guilty before GoD; there is none righteous, no not one; for all have sinned 1; hence it is impossible that any man should be justified by the deeds of the law, that is, by his own righteousness; which, in the first place, gives a plain reason, why CHRIST is made righteousness to all them which are justified before GoD: For they, being in their own perfons unrighteous, are in the utmost need of it; yea, having been proved guilty, they are shut up in prison under the curse of the law, as criminals condemned already, who are found worthy of death; their own works therefore cannot profit them. For fuch to go about to excuse themselves, or to deliver their own fouls by any act or deed of theirs, is an attempt to make the law void; which faith, Curfed is every one that continueth not to do all things which are written therein. It also condemns him that is most just, by seeking to disanul, and set aside the righteous judgment of GoD: For this cause the publicans and harlots, by receiving John's baptism, wherein they confessed their fins, are faid to justify God, and to enter the kingdom of heaven before the scribes and pharifees, who fought to justify themfelves, and so rejected the counsel of God to their own destruction: Hence it appears, that those who feek

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[•] Job xxviii: 28. † Rom. iii.

even

feek to fave themselves by their own personal righteoulnels, are excluded the kingdom of God; whilft they, who enter therein, contess themselves to be finners, and void of all righteousness. It is therefore certain, that all they who are justified in God's fight, and finally faved, have the righteoutness of another, that is, of CHRIST, imputed to them; for this very cause they believe in Chaist, that his righteous-

ness might be imputed unto them.

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Therefore also it is called the righteousness of faith. It being not our own performance, but the righteourners of him in whom we trust; which our fouls in believing apprehend, looking unto Jesus as the LORD our righteousness. --- Righteousness to the foul is what cloathing is to the body, whereby its shame and nakedness are covered. Blessed is the man whose iniquities are covered; --- he hath covered me with the robe of righteousness: * hence we are affured, that when God justifieth any believer, he is in himself, ungodly and unjust; and when he imputes CHRIST's righteousness to him, he is in himself without righteoulnels. Were it not thus, the scripure would not direct him to believe in another for his justification, nor would God impute righteousness to him, that he might be righteous. Thus our actual perfonal unrighteousness gives us the reason why, and makes room for, CHRIST being made of God to us righteouiness.

2. A further reason and necessity for it appears, from the effential and unchangeable justice of GoD; the righteous Lord loveth righteousness; and Moses laith, As for God, his work is perfect, a God of truth and without iniquity, just and right is he: Therefore God, who is most just, cannot justify the wicked and unjust: Consequently mankind, who are by nature and by practice finners, cannot be accepted with him, or justified in his fight, unless righteoufness be imputed to them: But God doth justify,

* Ifa, xli. 10.

even the ungody, which believeth in Jesus, as the scripture witneffeth; * therefore he imputes another's righteousness unto him. God is absolutely and immutably just in all his thoughts, words, and works; but man is both naturally and practically unjust; yet God justifies him: Therefore, as faith the Text, CHRIST is made of God unto us righteousness. out this covering no man whatever, except his mind be blinded, and his heart hardened, can avoid trembling at the presence of God. But to prevent defpair, and death, to which a guilty conscience naturally tends; God, at the same time that he reveals himself in Christ to be a sin-avenging, declares alfo that he is a fin-pardoning God, ---- The glory of his justice appears like unto devouring fire, awful and terrible to the beholder; even Moses said, I exceedingly fear and quake; but, in the midst thereof, the glory of his grace in CHRIST appears to be far more glorious, super-abounding, and triumphant; For mercy rejoiceth against judgment. ‡

Which leads us to the third Reason, why Christ is made to us righteousness? viz. because it was God's will and pleasure to save sinners, whose heart from eternity was set upon it. ---- This indeed is the primary and chief cause of all. It was the will of God to take vengeance on sin, and make his justice known; at the same time he willed the discharge and salvation of the sinner; to do this, in the most perfect manner, and worthy of himself,

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(who is the only wise God our Saviour) he chose a Surety for his people; equally able and willing to restore whatever they should have taken away from God's law, and to suffer whatever penalty they might incurr by transgression; and so to render unto God the things that are God's, who, at the same

time, was able to fave both bimself and others. God is therefore just in justifying every one that believeth

^{*} Rom. iv. 5. # James ii. 13.

in Jesus, and he delivers him from going down to

the pit, because be bath found a ransom.

Thus hath God fet forth his Son Jesus Christ, to be a propitiation for fin through faith in his blood, to declare his righteousness in saving them which believe. The method which God hath chosen, to make this glorious grace known to mankind, plainly discovers his terrible justice, and hatred of sin; but above all, that God is Love; who willed the salvation of his enemies in a way of righteousness; which, when nothing besides could procure it for us but the death of his Son, he gave him up to be made a curse for us: Herein is love, not that we loved God, but that he loved us, and sent his Son to be the

propitiation for our fins.*

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Therefore as God, who is infinitely just, the judge of all the earth hath made CHRIST righteousness unto all that believe; there must be the highest reason for it, and justice in it, because it is His work: it is God's that justifieth; but this would not appear, if that law which we had broken, and under whose curse we were held prisoners of justice, and subject to death; had not been fulfilled, and satisfied in all its demands upon us: All this therefore our glorious Surety hath done, and suffered for us; as it is written, CHRIST is the end of the law for righteousness, to every one that believeth, ---- He took on him the form of a servant, was obedient unto death, laid down his life, and was made a curse for us. ----Thus not one jot, nor one tittle passed from the law till the whole was fulfilled. Hence he hath affured us, that it is the will of the Father, which fent him, that whosoever believeth in him, should not perish, but have eternal life. --- Whereby it appears to be an act of righteousness in God, to justify the believer in Christ, whole obedience and facrifice of himfelf unto Gop for us, was full, compleat, and perfect: Hence we have confidence and acceptance with God through

^{* 1} John iv. 10.

through Christ, who fent him on this very errand into the world, that he might reconcile us unto God by his blood, and fave us from the wrath to come; for be was delivered for our offences, and raised again

for our justification.

4thly, It may be proper somewhat more particularly to enquire bow this righteousness of CHRIST becomes ours: is it external, and imputed to us only? or is it internal, and formed within us? I answer, that it is not within us, but without us, and it becomes the believer's, and he is benefited by it, not by infufion, but by imputation only. --- It never was, is, or can be acted by any of us; and therefore is not formed in us. Who can fay, I have made my heart clean; I am pure from my fin; I have never offended at any time? Who ever was made a curse for finners, and fulfilled all righteoufness, save Jesus, the Son of God? Yet by fuch righteousness only can we, finners, be accepted with him. No man, furely, will affirm that very righteousness of Christ, which Gon reckons to his people for their justification, to be inherent in him, fave those who are utterly void of all righteousness; even that generation, whereof we read in scripture, which is pure in their own eyes, and yet not washed from their filthiness.

Now because that obedience whereby we are justified, was the personal ast and deed of another, it cannot but remain and abide for ever in him who performed it, even Christ; and it becomes ours only by imputation, and is reckoned to every one that

believeth.

Thus, for the benefit of us, sinners, did Christ come into this world, fulfil the whole law, and make his soul an offering for sin: Reader, believest thou this? Then it is imputed to thee also; for the righteousness of God is unto all, and upon all them that believe.

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Hence we plainly fee, that the personal obedience and satisfaction which Christ yielded to the law for men, when he was here on the earth, is reckoned to all that believe, although no part of that meritorious obedience or satisfaction for sin, was ever done or suffered by them in their own persons.

In like manner our fin and disobedience was laid on Christ, and imputed to him, although he never sinned, nor could sin; for God bath made him sin for us, who knew no sin, that we might be made the righteousness of God in him.*

Thus when Christ knew no fin in himself, he was both reputed, and treated as a finner; so likewise we, who know no righteousness in ourselves, (that is, such as God and his law requires) are accounted and treated as righteous persons.

Thus the fin for which CHRIST suffered, and was made a curfe, was acted by us, and refided only in our persons; on the contrary, that righteousness whereby we are made righteous, and accepted with God, was acted, fulfilled, and performed by Christ only, in whose person alone it resides and dwells for ever. Here we may behold an exchange of fin and righteousness, between CHRIST and his people. The fault or demerit, not the personal act and pollution of our fin, is transferred from us to him, and he bears it, for which he is condemned; again, the merit, defert, and benefit of CHRIST's personal obedience and fatisfaction is transferred to us, for which we are justified; therefore we are faid to be made the righteousness of God in him, who is the LORD our righteousness.

The inference from this fecond head of my discourse is; that, we sinners of mankind have infinite encouragement to come unto Jesus Christ for life, and the highest assurance of remission of sins, and acceptance with God thro' him: for God was in Christ reconciling the world unto himself, not imputing their tres-

passes unto him. How exceeding great then must be their fin and folly who will not come unto CHRIST for righteousness, and live; but will rather cleave to their own imperfect, mangled duties and performances. This is a diffinguished part of the wisdom of God, which we behold in Christ, in providing for transgreffors a righteousness adequate to the demands of the law, perfect as the law itself is perfect; as on the contrary, it is a glaring instance of human folly to prefer their own felfish works and polluted services to the Redeemer's glorious righteousness: God commands us to believe in his Son Jesus Christ, that he may impute righteousness unto us, and so make us the righteousness of God in him; even such as he requires, accepts, and hath provided for the justification of his people. Beware then that you fin not against this revealed truth, which is able to fave your fouls, and doth fave every one that believeth in it; for bow shall we escape if we neglett so great satuation *. Say not in your hearts that God is unwilling to receive fuch a finner, fuch a rebel, fuch a back-flider as me; for God is love: see it demonstrated in the unspeakable gift of his dear Son who laid down his life for us; and whosoever believeth in him shall not be ashamed: Therefore we may come with boldness to the throne of grace, which is the throne of God, for the supply of all our need, according to his riches in glory by CHRIST JESUS, in whom we have boldness and access with confidence by the faith of him +. Thus bleffed is the man to whom the LORD will not impute fin.

I am well aware that the vain-glorious Pharisee who is ever dreaming of riches, and righteousness which he was never possess for, will not receive this Scipture Doctrine; he imagines that the righteousness of Christ without us, although it was actually done by him

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for us, and is of God, who is most just, imputed to us, cannot justify us in his fight, because it was not personally acted by us, nor is formed in us; they suppose likewise, that it leaves us under the power and dominion of finful lufts and tempers; but this also is a groundless and foolish surmise; for it neither doth, nor can; first, because it removes from us the curse of the law, which is the strength of sin*; and, secondly, because God purifies the heart + by that very faith, whereby we believe on CHRIST for

righteousness; hence,

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adly, CHRIST is made of God to us fanctification. This differs from righteousness before-mentioned, from which also the Apostle hath carefully distinguished it; yet without separating or destroying the union betwixt justification and fanctification; or that righteousness whereby the believer is justified, and that boliness whereby he is sanctified. They are distinct bleffings, but inseparably joined and united together, as two links in a golden chain. It is the fame faith in the same Jesus, whereby our souls are both justified and fanctified; and by one and the selfsame Spirit we are made partakers of both: But we must not confound the latter with the former, as they are wont to do, who affirm that CHRIST's righteoufness is not imputed to us, but inherent, or wrought within us; whereby they destroy the divine order and harmony in the way of reconciling finners unto God, and making them meet for heaven; by which confusion they darken and corrupt the scripturedoctrine of justification and fanctification both. But those who are taught of the LORD by his Spirit out of the word, (and they only are taught of God,) shall see and know, that God, in his infinite wisdom, bath laid a sure foundation for holiness within us unto personal sanctification, by imputing a righteousness without us unto personal justification.

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¹ Cor. xv. 56.

⁺ Acts xv. 9.

It is true, an earthly judge may acquit or pardon a malefactor whom he intends to fave, without making any change in the dispositions of his heart; (for that power belongeth unto God:) But when God, the Judge of all, pardons a finner, whom he intends to fave from eternal death, he works in him, at the same time, holy dispositions of heart and mind, (for with God nothing is impossible) by changing his heart of stone into a heart of stess, and putting his Spirit within him*, both which spiritual blessings are pro-

mised through CHRIST JESUS.

If (as the Pharifee objects) holiness of heart and life were made of no effect, or at all obstructed by this doctrine of our justification by Christ's righteousness imputed to us; we would not only decline contending for it, but even abhor the Tenet; as being directly contrary to the revealed will of God, and the effential holiness of his divine nature; but we judge and know it to be quite otherwife; for it hath a direct and plain tendency to beget in our hearts the purelove of God, and thereby a readiness unto all good works; nor can any other doctrine as a means in the hand of the Spirit effect it. takes up the stumbling-block that lays in the way of holiness, into which no man can ever enter, until that be first taken out of the way; even the stumbling-block of a broken sin-avenging law, working wrath in the conscience t, which nothing can remove but an imputed righteousness, even the righteousness of Gop, through the faith of CHRIST, which is unto all, and upon all them that believe +; therefore when he had faid, CHRIST is made of God unto us righteoufness, he immediately adds, as its glorious concomitant, he is made to us fanctification also.

All our boliness is first and originally in CHRIST, he is made of God to us fanctification, which is

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^{*} Exek. xxxvi. 26, 27. ‡ Rom. iv. 15, † Rom. iii. 22.

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conveyed into our hearts, and transmitted to our fouls by the Holy Spirit through faith; and at the very fame time, when, by his divine power, he forms CHRIST's image and spiritual likeness in our souls, This is that being born again of God, and of the Spirit, that we might be partakers of the divine nature*. From this begetting us into the image of God, we, by that holy Spirit, which thus regenerates or forms CHRIST within us, are joined to CHRIST in a union of nature, and have one Spirit with him. As in natural generation we are united to the first Adam, and derive from him the corruption and depravity of his fallen image, with all its finful lufts and propensities, which of right belong to all that are his natural offspring, and is also inseparable from their partaking of the human nature in its lapfed estate: So, on the contrary, CHRIST in our nature holy, undefiled, and without fin, as a new man forms his likeness by the spirit in our hearts, and gives us to become new creatures; that as we have born the image of the earthy, we may also bear the image of the beavenly man t, first in grace here, and at last in glory hereafter.

Now as the natural man grows by degrees to maturity, he puts on the image of the first Adam more and more; thereby conforming to him in very deed and manner of life; according to the corrupt and deceitful lusts of his depraved nature, which, from the very birth, are hid in him, and which he brings into the world with him; although its malignity is not made manifest to himself, or others, till by reason of age and use he discovers himself to be utterly corrupt, and exceeding sinful: On the other hand also, be that is in Christ is a new creature*, born in the image of the second Adam, and by degrees he grows up as a new man into Christ, his

^{* 2} Pet. i. 4-] † 1 Cor xv. 49. 2 Cor. v. 16.

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second bead, and spiritual Father in all things; of whose fulness we all receive, and grace for grace. Thus we put off the image of the first Adam that is natural to us, called the old man; and put on the image of the second Adam, which we partake of in regeneration, by the quickening influence of the Holy Ghost, which is called the new man; and this separating between the old and the new man, with their respective properties, wills, and affections, words and actions: putting off the former as accursed, and corrupt, and sinful; and putting on the latter, as holy, chosen of God, and precious, is our fanctification; and that wherein true holiness consists.

Thus we see how CHRIST is made of GoD to us sanctification; so that we have no more cause to glory in our holy frames, dispositions, and practice; than in that righteousness whereby we are accepted with GoD; but in both, he that glories must glory in the LORD; for he that sanctifieth, and he that justifieth us is one ever CHRIST JESUS the LORD.

A plain inference from hence is, that if the Spirit of God be grieved our faith is weakened, and the communication between CHRIST and our fouls is interrupted, and as it were at a stand .--- I will extend peace to ber like a river, faith God, and the glory of the Gentiles like a flowing stream*; (which glory is CHRIST) But if the channel wherein this river of Gon flows, be filled with mire and thick clay; it is nothing strange if the stream be stopt, and its channel foon become dry; and altho' it still lay open to receive the living stream, yet until the obstruction be removed, it cannot enter: Therefore, O Christian! keep thy heart with all diligence, bolding faith and a good conscience 1; and grieve not the holy Spirit of Gop, who alone takes of the things of CHRIST, and shews them unto us; who also leadeth us into all truth,

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demption *. 4. CHRIST is made of God to us redemption; this word imports delivering by ransom, or the purchasing any person or thing, by paying a certain value or price for it. Thus it is explained by the Pfalmift, No man can redeem his brother, or give a ransom unto God for bim +. After this manner CHRIST redeems us unto God, he gave his life a ranfom for many. I Thou hast redeemed us unto God by thy blood. This is the price he gave to God for our deliverance from the curse and from the wrath to come; hence he faith ye are bought with a price, for this cause the church of God which he hath purchased with his own blood is called a purchased possession .-- The killing of the paschal lamb in Egypt was a type or figure of our redemption by CHRIST's blood, for the Ifraelites escaped death by the observance of that ordinance. This word also is made use of to express any freedom or deliverance by mere force or power: thus God redeemed his people out of Egypt from the house of bondage by a mighty hand and out-ftretched arm as well as by blood; but whereas his releating enflaved captives, and fetting at liberty those that are bound, by an arm of power superior to that of the oppresfor is, when applied to God, always founded in righteourness; it hath a respect to our redemption or being purchased with the blood of CHRIST. the redemption here spoken of seems entirely to reter to the deliverance of our bodies from the bondage of corruption; for our redemption by the blood of Christ is included in his being made of God to us righteousness. But here it relates to that great and finishing stroke of Christ's redeeming power, even the redemption of the body; || which deliverance is tounded in righteoufness, for CHRIST having paid the

^{*} Eph. iv. 23. + Pfal. xlix. 7. 1 Matt. xx. 28. | Rom. viii. 23.

debt due to Gop's justice, it is both reasonable and just, that both himself and all those for whom he stood engaged, and whose debts he had fully paid, should be fet at liberty; and not be detained prisoners under the law and under death, its curse and penalty, as if he had not paid it. But of this our redemption and freedom from fin and all its fearful confequences, God hath given us the highest affurance in that he hath raised CHRIST our bondsman again from the Therefore in Christ's redemption or deliverance from death the believer may behold his own; not that we also in our own persons must not hope and look for redemption of our vile bodies from death and corruption (for the refurrection is not past already) because CHRIST our surety is raised; but CHRIST is raised as the head and first fruits, the earnest also and pledge of their resurrection who are his members and as fuch shall be raised in glory at his coming: But as Christ represented us living and dying, so also in his resurrection from the dead. Thus is CHRIST made of God unto us redemption, in that he hath raifed him again and given into his hands all power in heaven and in earth, that he should deliver from the bondage of corruption and give eternal life to as many as believe in his name: therefore he faith, I am the resurrection and the life, be that believeth in me tho' he were dead yet shall be live, and robosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die:* Inference, --- I infer therefore,

That the belief of the refurrection of the body is a necessary article of our faith, because it depends upon, and is the natural consequence of Christ's resurrection; so that to deny it, is to deny Christ's resurrection, as the apostle plainly teaches us, I Cor. xv. It is also a source of great consolation to the saints that die in the blessed prospect, and assured hope of it.

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Their departed spirits leave but for a little moment their corruptible bodies under the power of death, for they shall arise again; not indeed in that state of corruption, fin and mifery, in which they fell; but in a state of spirituality, finless, incorruptible and glorious, even as the glorious body of CHRIST, whom their foul loveth; and therefore earnestly long in all things to be made like unto him, --- when I awake up after thy likeness I shall be satisfied with it. The cloathing of our earthly tabernacles is at present filthy and vile, therefore we put it off; but when we shall put it on again at the refurrection of the just, it will be changed, purified and made glorious. It is fown in corruption, it is raised in incorruption; it is sown in dishonour, it is raised in glory; it is sown in weakness, it is raised in power; it is sown a natural body, it is raised a spiritual body .--- Therefore, O believer! let it be thy constant study how to keep thy body under in its present corrupt and finful state, and let not fin reign in thy mortal flesh to fulfill it in the lusts thereof; for if ye live after the flesh ye shall die; but if ye thro' the spirit do mortify the deeds of the body, ye shall live. * Thus my much bonoured mother made choice of a text for her funeral discourse, distinctly expressive of her faith inGod for all manner of spiritual bleffings thro' CHRIST JESUS, unto compleat and eternal falvation.

Lastly: It remains therefore, in the last place, that I give some account of the manner of her death; as a testimony of her believing these things, by her dying in the faith of them. ---- Let it be observed, that she had been long acquainted with the true grace of God, and the way of salvation by Jesus Christ; who, by her daily walk and conversation, declared it to be both the way of boliness, and the way of peace.

Having

^{*} Rom. viii. 13.

Having therefore fledfaftly adhered to the truth as it is in Jesus, and walked therein for many years; the time drew near that the must die; and apprehending that fickness (whereof she died) would be her last, she possessed her soul in patience, without discovering any desire of life, or fear of death, but rather the reverse; looking for, and hastening unto the promifed rest; of this she gave abundant proof, when, during her confinement about three months before her death, I (at her request) went to visit her. At which time the mentioned a kind of mift or darkness on her spirit, touching the undoubted certainty of ber salvation; yet confessing that her soul was built on the rock CHRIST, in whom she trusted, although in the midst of deep waters and tempestuous billows, as was afterwards made manifest; for the hour of temptation, her last conslict, was nigh at hand.

At the beginning of this fiery trial (for fuch it was) she appeared to be doubtful and uneasy concerning the future state and salvation of her soul; for this she judged to be the one thing needful, and had chosen that better part in the time of health, making it her chief fludy, bow to obtain the salvation which is in CHRIST JESUS with eternal glory. --- And as fhe had not believed, nor run in vain, Satan, the accuser of the brethren, was permitted to fift her as wheat, that it might be made manifest, whether or no, fhe had chosen CHRIST for her only hope and portion, as the affirmed. --- Soon after this uneaffness in her spirit was discovered, she began to declare to the standers-by, what a vile sinner she was; and often faid, " Since Adam fell, I believe there bath "not been a greater finner than myself."

Under this alarming sense of her exceeding sinfulness, she had terrible apprehensions of divine wrath; and was strongly tempted to cast away her hope and considence in CHRIST. At that time also

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Satan attempted to perfuade her, that the torments of hell were not so great as they are commonly represented; nor, on the other hand, were the joys of beaven worthy her notice.

But she abode stedsast in the truth, believing God's word, which testisseth, that the torments of hell are a stery indignation, which shall devour the adversaries, without annihilating them; for the smoke of their torment ascendeth up for ever and ever: On the contrary, in the presence of God is fullness of joy, and at his right hand there are pleasures for evermore. Hence she earnestly desired all present to continue in prayer to God for her; whilst she herself instantly besought the mercy of God, pleading the promises of Christ Jesus unto eternal life.

This strong temptation and sore conslict of soul, continued for the space of sourteen days, and upwards; and sometimes prevailed even to an agony, wherein she was almost besides berself: Yet in the midst she would often say, as one looking unto Jesus: "Thy blood applied can make me clean, and "wash away each spot;" mentioning, at the same time, divers scripture-promises, whereon she evidently rested.

During the whole of this great trial of her faith and patience, I cannot find that she yielded, no, not for a moment to the insulting foe; but kept close to the sure promises of God in Christ; because she judged him faithful who had promised. --- Mercy, the blood of Christ, and the promise of life in him, was her only plea: Thus, by the word of God and prayer, she resisted the adversary; and by the shield of faith, quenched all his stery darts.

For just in the close of this distressing temptation, as one still looking and speaking, not to the standersby, but to Jesus the Son of God; she said, "Thou "art stronger than be." And now the enemy was put to slight, and victory declared in her favour;

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for she had no sooner uttered these words, but she rejoiced in the LORD; saying to those present, that her soul was now refreshed, and had received comfort.

After all the temptation was ended, she declared to her Son then present, that the words she had chosen for her Text, were in the night suggested, and put into ber mind; which she repeated with evident signs of much confolation and great joy. And now she began expressly to fignify her strong defire to depart, and be at rest; and was so far from desiring life, that she sometimes appeared to be much afraid of her recovery. --- As she grew weaker and weaker, The was feized with convulfions; but recovering herfelf a little with heart-felt confolation apparent to all; and like a foldier, who, having endured the foarest of the battle, and ready to faint after he had won the day, she faid, "I want to be at rest;" immediately adding, "They that fleep in Jesus shall "God bring with him:" In fine, she earnestly defired quietly to fleep in CHRIST, which was accordingly granted her; for, as in a gentle fleep, she departed to the LORD. Reader from hence

Observe, 1. That Death is often attended with the soarest trials, as many Christians have awfully experienced: Be thou therefore ready to meet the adversary in that decisive hour, and prepare to receive his powerful assaults by putting on the Lord Jesus Christ, who only can defend thy soul, and deliver thee out of his hand. The name of the Lord is a strong tower; the righteous runneth into it, and is safe. They overcame him by the blood of the Lamb,

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2. In temptation flee thou to Christ, not to thy own works: To the fure promises of God, not to thy own feelings; for he only that endureth to

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the end shall be saved*. If thy works are wrought in God, and thy feelings from the Spirit of God; yet because they are not Christ; thou dishonourest him, thy glorious Head; by having recourse to them for help in the day of trouble; but cleave thou stedsastly to the promises in Christ, looking unto Jesus; who will both lead and strengthen thy soul in the soarest trials that thou shalt not be tempted above measure; for whereas be bimself bath suffered, being tempted, he knoweth how to sympathize with, and succour them that are tempted ‡.

3. Temptation doth by no means suppose, that the tempted person is under the dominion of sin, or Satan; but rather the reverse: A proof of which is the instance before us; her soul was stayed on CHRIST, in whom alone she trusted, proving her faith by her works .--- All that knew her will, I am persuaded, bear me witness, that she was a pattern to believers in word, and in deed; in spirit, temper, and conversation. --- She was clothed with humility, patient in tribulation, fervent in spirit, continuing instant in prayer. In short, she seemed, on all occasions, to be ready to every good work, without boafting of them; for the gloried only in the LORD, by whom the overcame all the power of the enemy. She was tempted, but did not cast away her confidence in Christ, and we count them happy that endure: Bleffed is the man that endureth temptation; for when he is tried, he shall receive the crown of life, which God bath promised

to them that love him*:

4thly, and lastly, Remembe, O Christian, that thou art yet in the body; and therefore liable to be forely buffeted and tempted of Satan. Make not light of it; for if that adversary be let loose upon thee, be will tear thy soul tike a lion, from whom none but Christ can deliver thee. --- Thy warfare is not yet sinished; therefore watch unto prayer daily, and pass the time of thy sojourning here in fear. --- Put on the

Mate ieb. ii. ap tamen

whole armour of GoD; be on thy guard; stand on thy watch tower continually; it may be the enemy is, even now, ready to pour in like a flood; and if the word and spirit of Gop is not with thee, none besides will lead thee to the strong city of refuge for defence, or shew thee the captain of thy falvation; who only can lift up a standard against the foe, and fet bounds to his raging power. The sharpest engagement may be referved till the close of thy warfare; be not high-minded, but fear. --- Thy glorious Leader and Captain felt most of the adversary's rage and power, the day before he laid down his life for thee: See him in the garden prostrate on the ground, where he began to be very heavy, and fore amazed; he feemed as one aftonished at the power and rage of the enemy he was now to encounter with: He cannot even hide it from his disciples; watch, saith he, with me, for my foul is exceeding forrowful, even unto death; not only hell, from beneath, is rifen up against him; but the thunderbolts of his almighty Father are like lightning shot into his very foul: Thy fierce wrath faith he, goeth over me, and the fear of thee bath under me: For thine indignation lieth hard upon me, and that bast vexed me with all thy storms. ---- Therefore hi whole foul and body is in an agony, and he fweats great drops of blood; yet he abides unshaken as a rock refifting unto blood; till, praying more earnestly wit strong crying and tears, he is heard: Behold, hi Arength is equal to his day; he endures the tempta tion, and all the powers of hell are put to flight. -Wherefore is all this? O believer! It is that the may'll escape the wrath to come, and when tempted he might have compassion on thee, and help thee Be therefore affured, that, trufting in him, thou flat not be confounded: For God is faithful, who will me fuffer you to be tempted above that ye are able; but wil with the temptation also, make a wox for you to escape that ye may be able to bear it T. To God only wife, Go f I Cor. x.

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on thy emy is, none refuge vation; e, and best en y war-glorious y's rage life for ground, zed; he rage of cannot ne, with death; are like wrath b undon and that fore his ats great a rock tly with old, hi tempta ight. --nat thou empted

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